

MA10 Review Solutions: BEDMAS, Algebra, and Equations

(DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAPER)

1. $85 - 100$
 -15

2. $\sqrt{9}$
 3

3. $\sqrt{-4}$
 Undefined or $2i$

4. $\sqrt[3]{-27}$
 -3

5. 0×1
 0

6. $(-1)^{123}$
 -1

7. $2 - (-3)$
 $2 + 3 = 5$

8. $-2(-2)^2$
 $-2 \times 4 = -8$

9. Simplify $\frac{40}{1200}$
 $\frac{4}{120} = \frac{2}{60} = \frac{1}{30}$

10. Simplify $\frac{7500}{250}$
 $\frac{750}{25}$
 25 fits into 100 four times.

$4 \times 7 = 28$

But 25 fits into 50 twice.
 $28 + 2 = 30$

11. Write 0.04 as a simplified fraction
 $\frac{0.04}{1} = \frac{4}{100} = \frac{1}{25}$

12. Write $-2\left(\frac{4}{-6}\right)$ as a mixed fraction
 $-2\left(\frac{4}{-6}\right) = \frac{8}{6} = \frac{4}{3} = 1\frac{1}{3}$

13. $\frac{5}{4} - \frac{3}{5}$
 $\frac{13}{20}$

14. $\frac{4}{6} \times \frac{4}{2}$
 $\frac{2}{3} \times 2 = \frac{4}{3}$

15. $\frac{\frac{2}{3}}{\frac{3}{4}}$
 $\frac{2}{3} \div \frac{3}{4}$
 $\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{4}{3} = \frac{8}{9}$

16. $\frac{8}{3} + 2\frac{1}{2}$
 $\frac{8}{3} + \frac{5}{2}$
 $\frac{16}{6} + \frac{15}{6} = \frac{31}{6}$

17. $2\frac{2}{3} \div 1\frac{1}{2}$
 $\frac{8}{3} \div \frac{3}{2} = \frac{8}{3} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{16}{9}$

18. 1.2×0.34
 0.408

19. Write $\frac{12346}{5}$

a. in the form $a\frac{b}{c}$
 $2469\frac{1}{5}$

b. as a decimal number
 2469.2

c. as a percent
 $246,920\%$

20. $2 + 3(-2) - 1$
 $2 - 6 - 1 = -5$

21. $6 \div 2(1 + 2)$
 $3(1 + 2) = 3(3) = 9$

22. $2x - 5x$
 $-3x$

23. $\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{x}{3} - x$
 $= \frac{3}{6}x + \frac{2x}{6} - \frac{6x}{6}$
 $= \frac{3x-4x}{6} = -\frac{x}{6}$

24. $2x - 1 = x + 3$

$$x = 3 + 1$$

$$4$$

25. $\frac{x}{2} + 3 = 3x - \frac{1}{3}$

Multiply both sides by 6

$$3x + 18 = 18x - 2$$

$$20 = 15x$$

$$\frac{20}{15} = x = \frac{4}{3}$$

26. $\frac{x}{5} = \frac{2}{3}$

$$3x = 10$$

$$x = \frac{10}{3}$$

27. $5 = \frac{x}{3}$

$$x = 15$$

28. $-2 = \frac{5}{k}$

$$-2k = 5$$

$$k = -\frac{5}{2}$$

29. $\frac{4}{5} = \frac{3}{2x-1}$

Cross multiplying

$$4(2x - 1) = 15$$

$$8x - 4 = 15$$

$$8x = 19$$

$$x = \frac{19}{8}$$

30. $\frac{x-2}{3} + 2 = \frac{2x+1}{2}$

Multiply by 6

$$2(x - 2) + 12 = 3(3x + 1)$$

$$2x - 4 + 12 = 9x + 3$$

$$5 = 7x$$

$$x = \frac{5}{7}$$

31. $2(x - 5) = 3(x + 2)$

$$2x - 10 = 3x + 6$$

$$-16 = x$$

32. $\frac{2}{3}(1 - 2x) = -\frac{3x+5}{2}$

Multiply both sides by 6

$$4(1 - 2x) = -3(3x + 5)$$

$$4 - 8x = -9x - 15$$

$$x = -19$$

33. $\frac{1-\frac{2}{3}}{\frac{1}{2}+\frac{3}{4}} = 1 \div \frac{1}{x}$

$$\frac{1}{3} \div \frac{5}{4} = 1 \times x$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{4}{5} = x$$

$$x = \frac{4}{15}$$

34. Add 6 ft 8 in + 4 ft 6 in in the form x ft and y in

$$6 \text{ ft} + 6 \text{ ft} = 10 \text{ ft}$$

$$8 \text{ in} + 6 \text{ in} = 14 \text{ in} = 1 \text{ ft and } 2 \text{ in} (1 \text{ ft} = 12 \text{ in})$$

$$\text{Thus } 10 \text{ ft} + 1 \text{ ft} + 2 \text{ in} = 11 \text{ ft } 2 \text{ in}$$