

# PC11 Radicals Assignment

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

1. Evaluate  $\sqrt{121}$

2. Solve  $a^2 = 9$

3. Write as a mixed radical:

a.  $\sqrt{27}$

b.  $\sqrt{6125}$

4. Write as an entire radical

a.  $3\sqrt{5}$

b.  $2^3\sqrt{3}$

c.  $-3^3\sqrt{2}$

5. If possible, evaluate

a.  $\sqrt{-25}$

b.  $\sqrt[3]{-64}$

c.  $\sqrt{90000}$

d.  $\sqrt{0.04}$

e.  $\sqrt{\frac{1}{361}}$

6. Order from least to greatest:  $\sqrt{16}$ ,  $4\sqrt{3}$ ,  $5$ ,  $e$

7.  $f(x) = \sqrt{x-2} + 1$
- Sketch and label 3 points
  - Evaluate  $f(27)$
  - Domain?
  - Range?
8.  $y = \sqrt{x-p} + q$ . Given  $p, q < 0$ , describe the transformation.
9.  $y = -3\sqrt{x-2}$
- Sketch and describe the transformation
  - Domain?
  - Range?
10.  $y = a\sqrt{x+b} + c$   
Given  $a, b, c < 0$  describe the transformation.
11.  $y = -\sqrt{x+5}$
- Domain?
  - Range?

12. Find the domain of:

a.  $\sqrt{2-7x}$

b.  $\frac{\sqrt{1+3x}}{x^2-1}$

c.  $\frac{3\sqrt{x}}{x^2-9x+18}$

d.  $\frac{\sqrt{4x-7}}{2x^2+5x-12}$

13. Rationalize:

a.  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$

b.  $\frac{3}{\sqrt{27}}$

c.  $\frac{4}{2-\sqrt{8}}$

d.  $\frac{2}{\sqrt[3]{2}}$

14. Simplify  $\sqrt{8} - 4\sqrt{2}$

15. Simplify  $\sqrt{8} - \sqrt[3]{32} - 2\sqrt{2} + \sqrt[3]{4}$

16. Simplify  $\frac{-3+\sqrt{27}}{3}$

17.  $4\sqrt{3} \cdot 5\sqrt{2}$

18.  $\sqrt{3} \cdot \sqrt{5} \cdot \sqrt{7}$

19.  $a^b \cdot \sqrt{d} \cdot a^c \cdot \sqrt[3]{d}$

20. Expand and simplify:

a.  $3\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{4} + 2\sqrt{3} - 1)$

b.  $(3 - \sqrt{2})^2$

c.  $(\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3})(\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{3})$

d.  $-2(\sqrt{8} - \sqrt{2})(1 - \sqrt{8})$

e.  $(\sqrt{27} - 1)^3$

f.  $(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2})(1 + \sqrt{5} + 3)$

21. A rectangle has a base of  $5\sqrt{2} - 3\sqrt{3}$

and a height of  $2\sqrt{8} - \sqrt{3}$

a. Area in simplified form?

b. Perimeter in simplified form?

22. A cylinder has a diameter of  $\sqrt{125}$  and a height of 100

a. Volume?

b. Area including the bottom?

23. Solve:

a.  $\sqrt{x} = 9$

b.  $3\sqrt{x} = 5$

c. Solve  $\sqrt{x+1} = 3$

24.  $\sqrt{x-2} = 4-x$

a. Estimate the solution graphically

b. Find the point of intersection algebraically

c. Check for extraneous roots

d. Find the point of intersection

25. Solve  $\sqrt{x+3} = 5 - \frac{1}{3}x$

26. Define:  $|a|$

27. Simplify  $\sqrt{x^2y^4}$